

# LTCC: Representation Theory of Finite Groups

## Exercise Set 3

Throughout this exercise set, assume  $G$  is a finite group, and that we are working over the field of complex numbers.

1. (*From lecture*) Given a group  $G$ , show that character of the regular representation  $G$  is given by  $\chi(e) = |G|$  and  $\chi(g) = 0$  for all  $g \neq e$  in  $G$ .
2. Let  $S_n$  act on an  $n$ -dimensional space  $V$  with basis  $\{v_1, \dots, v_n\}$  by  $\sigma v_i = v_{\sigma(i)}$ . ( $V$  is called the *permutation module* of  $S_n$ .)
  - (a) Let  $\chi$  be the character of the permutation representation of  $S_7$ . Find  $\chi(x)$  for  $x = (1\ 2)$  and  $x = (1\ 6)(2\ 3\ 5)$ .
  - (b) Show that in general the character  $\chi$  of a permutation representation is given by  $\chi(\sigma) = |\text{fix}(\sigma)|$  where  $\text{fix}(g) = \{i \mid \sigma(i) = i\}$ .
3. Let  $\rho : G \rightarrow GL(V)$  be a representation, and let  $\chi$  be the character of  $\rho$ . Prove the following statements:
  - (a) If  $g \in G$  is an element of order 2, then  $\chi(g)$  is an integer such that  $\chi(g) \equiv \chi(e) \pmod{2}$ .
  - (b)  $|\chi(g)| = \chi(e)$  if and only if  $\rho(g) = \lambda I_n$  for some  $\lambda \in \mathbb{C}$ . (Note that the absolute value of a complex number is given by  $|x + iy| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ .)
  - (c)  $\ker(\rho) = \{g \in G \mid \chi(g) = \chi(e)\}$
4. Prove that if  $\chi$  is a faithful irreducible character of  $G$ , then the center of  $G$  is given by  $Z(G) = \{g \in G \mid |\chi(g)| = \chi(e)\}$ .
5. Let  $\chi$  be an irreducible character of  $G$ , and suppose  $z \in Z(G)$  is an element of order  $m$ . Show that there exists an  $m^{\text{th}}$  root of unity  $\lambda \in \mathbb{C}$  such that for all  $g \in G$ ,  $\chi(zg) = \lambda\chi(g)$ .
6. Let  $\chi$  be a character of  $G$ . Show that  $\chi$  is a homomorphism from  $G$  to  $\mathbb{C}^\times$  if and only if  $\chi$  is the character of a degree one representation. (Such characters are called *linear characters*.)
7. Suppose  $\chi$  is a nonzero, nontrivial character of  $G$ , and that  $\chi(g)$  is a nonnegative real number for all  $g \in G$ . Show that  $\chi$  must be reducible.