

# Asymptotics for Integral Points of Bounded Height on a log Fano Variety

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# In the spirit of Manin's conjecture

*X a Fano variety, k a number field*

## Conjecture

Assume that  $X(k)$  is Zariski dense in  $X$  and consider an anticanonical height function  $H : X(k) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ . There exists an open subvariety  $V$  of  $X$  such that

$$\#\{x \in V(k) : H(x) \leq B\} \sim cB \log(B)^{r-1},$$

where  $r$  is the Picard number of  $X$  and  $c$  is a constant.

## The set-up

Consider the blow-up of  $\mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{Q}}^3 = \text{Proj}(\mathbb{Q}[a, b, c, d])$  along  $C = V(a^2 + b^2 + c^2, d)$

$$\pi : X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{Q}}^3$$

and

$$U = X \setminus \pi^{-1}(V(a)).$$

$$N(B) = \#\{x \in U(\mathbb{Z}) \cap W(\mathbb{Q}) : H(x) \leq B\}.$$

→ Universal torsors to parametrize integral points

## Parametrization I

$X$  the blow-up of  $\mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{Q}}^3$  along  $C = V(a^2 + b^2 + c^2, d)$ ,

$\mathcal{X}$  the blow-up of  $\mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{Z}}^3$  along  $C = V(a^2 + b^2 + c^2, d)$

We find the  $\mathbb{G}_{m, \mathbb{Z}}^2$ -torsor over  $\mathcal{X}$

$$\mathcal{T} = \operatorname{Spec} \left( \frac{\mathbb{Z}[a, b, c, x, y, z]}{(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - yz)} \right) \setminus V((a, b, c, z)(x, y))$$

with the morphism  $p : \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathcal{X}$ .

## Parametrization II

### Lemma

The morphism  $p$  induces a 4-to-1 correspondence

$$\mathcal{T}(\mathbb{Z}) = \left\{ (a, b, c, x, y, z) \in \mathbb{Z}^6 : \begin{array}{l} a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - yz = 0, \\ \gcd(a, b, c, z) = \gcd(x, y) = 1 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \mathcal{X}(\mathbb{Z})$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \#\{x \in U(\mathbb{Z}) \cap W(\mathbb{Q})\} = \\ & \frac{1}{2} \# \left\{ (b, c, x, y, z) \in \mathbb{Z}^5 : \begin{array}{l} 1 + b^2 + c^2 - yz = 0, \gcd(x, y) = 1, \\ b, c, x, z \neq 0 \end{array} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

# Height functions

Write any rational point  $P \in \mathbb{P}^n(\mathbb{Q})$  as

$$P = (x_0 : \dots : x_n)$$

with  $x_0, \dots, x_n \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $\gcd(x_0, \dots, x_n) = 1$ .

## Definition

Define the **Weil height function** (or the **multiplicative height function**) on  $\mathbb{P}^n(\mathbb{Q})$  as

$$H(P) = \max\{|x_0|, \dots, |x_n|\}.$$

For any point  $(a, b, c, x, y, z) \in \mathcal{T}(\mathbb{Z})$ ,

$$H(a, b, c, x, y, z) = \max \left\{ \begin{array}{l} |a^2x|, |b^2x|, |c^2x|, \\ |ay|, |by|, |cy|, |x^3z^2| \end{array} \right\}.$$

## The counting function

$X$  the blow-up of  $\mathbb{P}_{\mathbb{Q}}^3$  along  $C = V(a^2 + b^2 + c^2, d)$ ,

$U = X \setminus \pi^{-1}(V(a))$

$$N(B) = \# \{x \in \mathcal{U}(\mathbb{Z}) \cap W(\mathbb{Q}) : H(x) \leq B\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \# \left\{ (b, c, x, y, z) \in \mathbb{Z}^5 : \begin{array}{l} 1+b^2+c^2-yz=0, \gcd(x,y)=1, \\ H(1,b,c,x,y,z) \leq B, \\ b,c,x,z \neq 0 \end{array} \right\},$$

$$H(a, b, c, x, y, z) = \max\{|a^2x|, |b^2x|, |c^2x|, |z^2x^3|, |ay|, |by|, |cy|\}.$$

Are there any questions?