

UCL SPORT EAST





- 1 of 12 International Olympic Committee (IOC) centres
- Bringing Sport and Exercise Medicine (SEM) to the NHS
- Driving Education and Research in SEM
- Athlete care, from elite to amateur
- Promoting health in the general population





The ISEH is a partnership between













Current UCL Sport provision at the ISEH

BSc Sport and Exercise Medical Sciences

iBSc Sport and Exercise Medical Sciences

MSc Sport Medicine, Exercise and Health

MSc Performing Arts Medicine

PhD research in Sport Medicine, Orthopaedics, Exercise Neuroscience and allied specialties

BSC iBSC

MSc PhD













RESEARCH

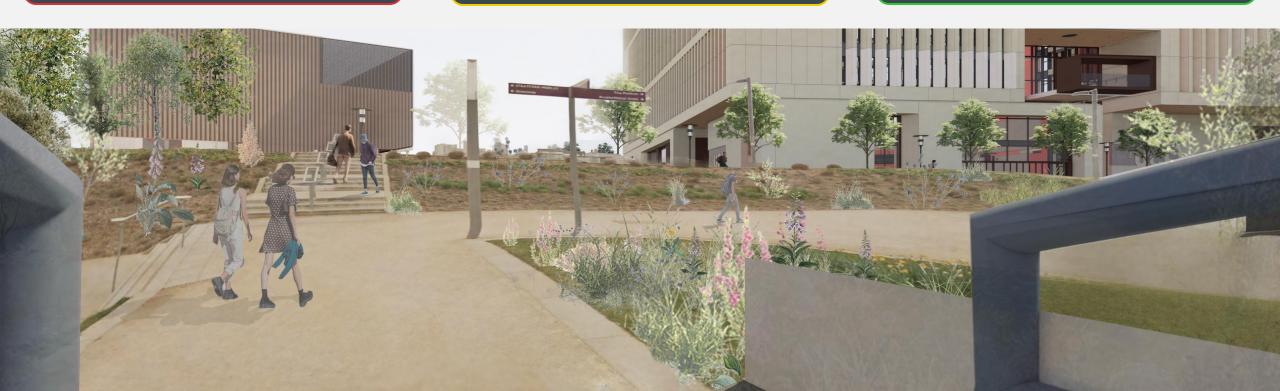
EDUCATION

SOCIAL IMPACT

Driving research that targets local needs

Upskilling professionals

Partnering with the local community









EDUCATION











































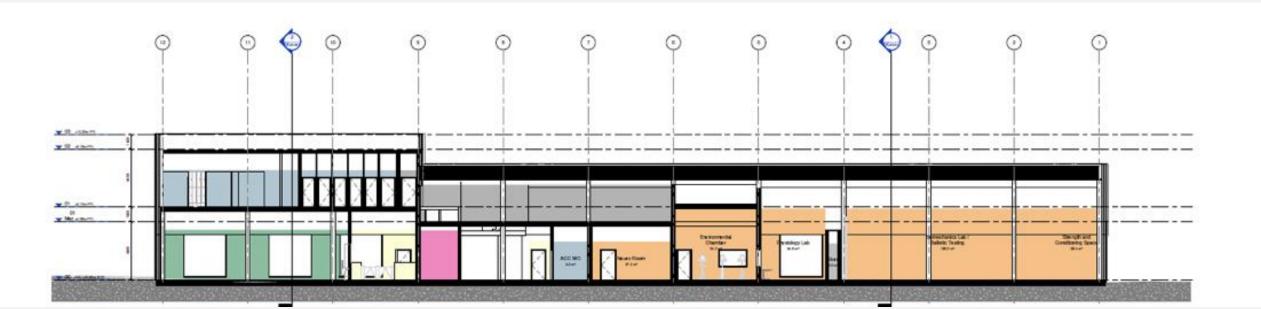






SPORT EAST

- Disease prevention, mental health & wellbeing
- Community impact and tackling inequalities
- Technology and innovation









RESEARCH

FACULTY OF MEDICAL SCIENCES











EXERCISE NEUROSCIENCE





Physical activity and obesity affect executive function in 5-11 year old children

Honor Boulton¹, Flaminia Ronca¹, Shamina Mohd Habib¹, Paul Burgess²

¹Institute of Cognitive Neuroscience, University College London, London, UK.

²Institute of Sport Exercise and Health, University College London, London, UK.

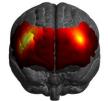


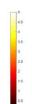


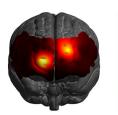


Region-Specific Changes in Prefrontal Cortex Hemodynamics Underpin Exercise-Related Improvements to Executive Functions

James Crum¹, Flaminia Ronca², George Herbert¹, Estela Carmona¹, Sabina Funk¹, Uzair Hakim³, Isla Jones¹, Josie Israel-Governale¹, Mark Hamer², Joy Hirsch^{3,4,5}, Antonia Hamilton¹, Ilias Tachtsidis³, Paul Burgess¹







Depressive Symptoms Modify Exercise-Induced Changes in Prefrontal Cortex Hemodynamics

James Crum¹, Flaminia Ronca², George Herbert¹, Estela Carmona¹, Sabina Funk¹, Uzair Hakim³, Isla Jones¹, Mark Hamer², Joy Hirsch^{3,4,5}, Antonia Hamilton¹, Ilias Tachtsidis³, Paul Burgess¹

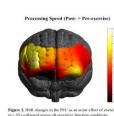


Figure 2. HbR changes in the PFC as an acute effect of exerci (n = 92) collapsed across all executive function conditions. Greatest activation changes are represented in bright yellow are white, with little to no effects represented in dark red and black

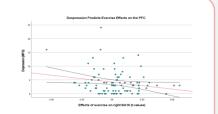


Figure 3. Higher scores on the MFQ (y-axis), a measure of depressive symptoms associated with smaller effects of exercise on right rostral PFC (x-axis) across all experimental conditions (i.e., processing speed).

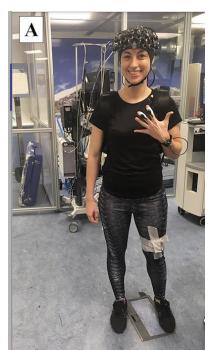




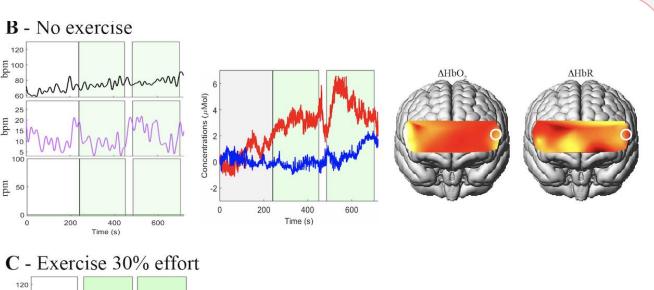


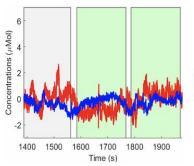
EXERCISE NEUROSCIENCE

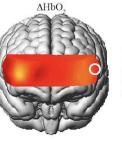


















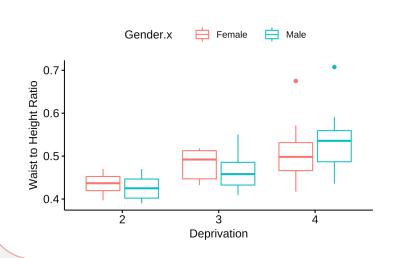


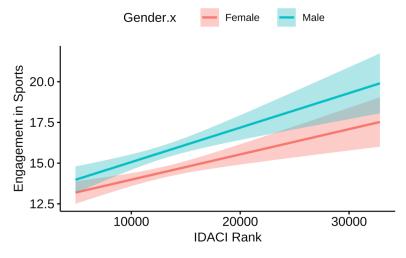
SCHOOLS

SCOPING

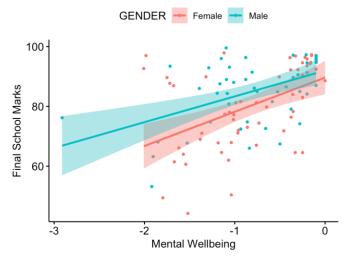
N = 23 Schools, 2382 children in lowest 5th IDACI deciles

- **Deprivation** predicted obesity by 29%
- Deprivation predicted physical activity by 4%
- **Deprivation** predicted executive function by 19%
- **Obesity** predicted poorer executive function by 5%
- Mental wellbeing predicted school grades by 23%















SCHOOLS

SCOPING

INTERVENTION

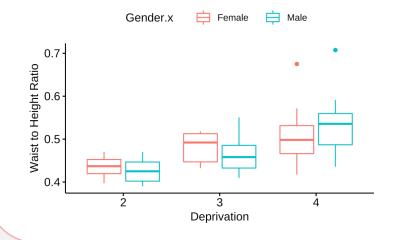
N = 2382 children, 23 Schools in lowest 5th IDACI deciles

- **Deprivation** predicted obesity by 29%
- Deprivation predicted physical activity by 4%
- **Deprivation** predicted executive function by 19%
- **Obesity** predicted poorer executive function by 5%
- Mental wellbeing predicted school grades by 23%





ACTIVE MOVEMENT











SCHOOLS

SCOPING

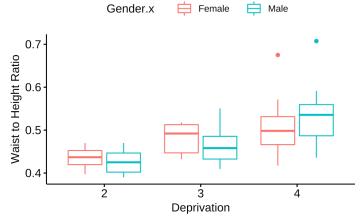
INTERVENTION

N = 2382 children, 23 Schools in lowest 5th IDACI deciles

- **Deprivation** predicted obesity by 29%
- Deprivation predicted physical activity by 4%
- **Deprivation** predicted executive function by 19%
- **Obesity** predicted poorer executive function by 5%
- Mental wellbeing predicted school grades by 23%

Ţ

ACTIVE MOVEMENT

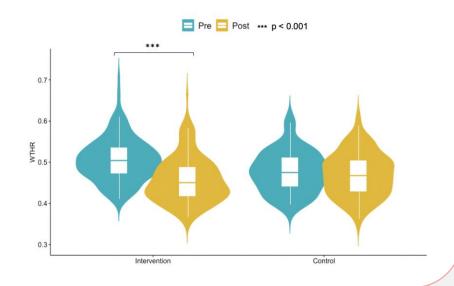




OUTCOME

N = 300 children

- **Obesity** decreased by 10%
- Physical activity increased by 6%
- Executive Function improved by 15%









SCHOOLS

Funded PhD Scholarship

Impact of Youth Sport on:

- Social mobility
- Mental wellbeing
- Cognitive development







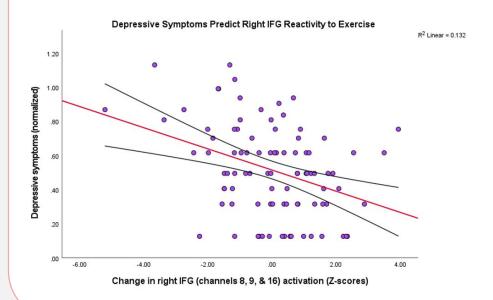




COMMUNITY CLUBS

SCOPING

- N = 92 adults
- Increased PFC activation in depression
- Optimal intensity for mood boost: 30min MVPA
- Increased brain activity and speed after 15min











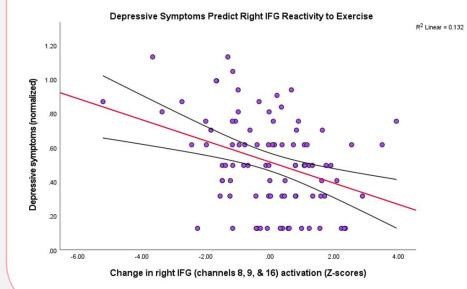
COMMUNITY CLUBS

SCOPING

INTERVENTION

- N = 92 adults
- Increased PFC activation in depression
- Optimal intensity for mood boost: 30min MVPA
- Increased brain activity and speed after 15min















COMMUNITY CLUBS

SCOPING



INTERVENTION











SCOPING

OUTCOME

Group Effects

Inhibition

(Experimental >

Control)

(Experimental >

(Experimental >

Control)

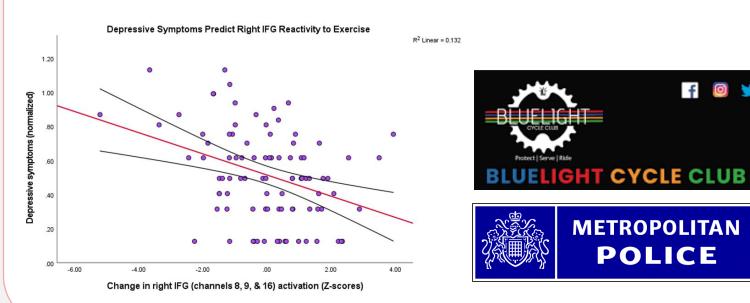
(Experimental >

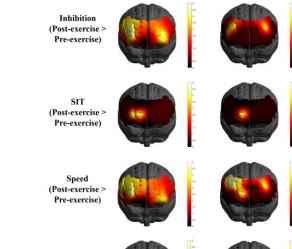
- N = 92 adults
- Increased **PFC activation in depression**
- Optimal intensity for mood boost: 30min MVPA
- Increased brain activity and speed after 15min



f 🧿 🔰

- N = 152 adults
- **Reduced stress**
- Body Fat and VO2max predict exercise benefit





Attention

Pre-exercise)

Exercise Effects







Sport and Exercise Medical Sciences BSc









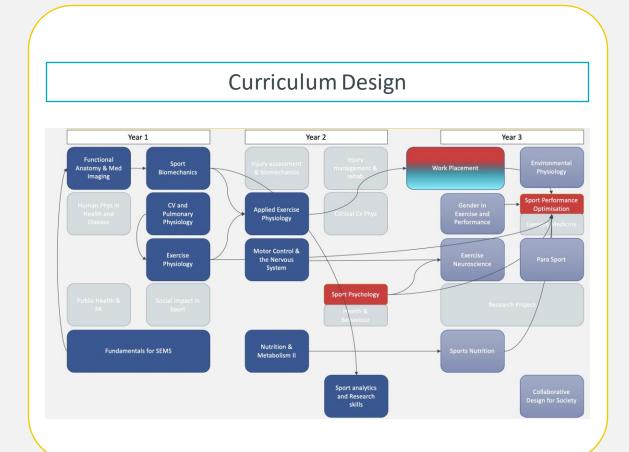
- Manage and prevent disease through physical activity
- Facilitate access to physical activity
- Generate social change through sport
- Prevent and manage injury
- Develop technological innovations







CURRICULUM



EDI FOCUSED MODULES

Social Impact in Sport

Para Sport

Gender in Sport

Exercise Medicine

Environmental Physiology

Work Experience







COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIPS

COMMUNITY-ENGAGED LEARNING

WORK EXPERIENCE

SCHOLARSHIPS

Evaluating impact

120 hours of volunteering

1 National 1 East London







