**UCL Standard for Risk Assessment**

# Scope

## This Standard applies to risk assessment of work activities undertaken by UCL employees i.e. staff and post-graduate students. Specifically, it details the arrangements Departments must have in place to ensure that both the process of assessment and the assessments themselves are suitable and sufficient.

## It does not cover the process of assessment itself – guidance on this can be found at the following link <https://www.ucl.ac.uk/safety-services/a-z/risk-assessment>.

# Legal Requirements

## The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations require UCL to assess risks to the health and safety of anyone that may be affected by our activities – staff, students and others (e.g. visitors, contractors) so as to identify the measures needed to prevent and/or control harm.

## Other health and safety regulations also require assessment of specific risks and/or types of work. These may vary in detail required but the essentially the process of assessment is the same. In addition, an assessment does not necessarily have to be carried out more than once for the purpose of different regulations. The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations are broad in scope and cover all risks, with the more specific regulations setting out in more detail what needs to be considered as part of the assessment.

# Definitions

## **“Department”** in the context of this Standard applies to UCL organisational units immediately below faculty level and therefore includes groups known as division, institute etc.

## **“Hazard”** is anything that has the potential to cause harm.

## **“Harm”** is usually considered to be injury or ill-health but it could also include damage to property, equipment or the environment. It could also include damage to reputation; personally, to the group you work with or to UCL in general.

## **“Risk”** is the probability that harm could be caused by hazards, together with an indication of how serious the harm could be.

# Departmental Arrangements

## All work activities that pose a significant Risk must be assessed. Risks associated with life in general do not need to be considered, unless the work activity compounds or significantly alters those Risks. Assessments should be clear as to what is covered but also clear as to any exclusions.

## Assessments can be broad in scope or address a particular Hazard arising from a work activity. This is particularly the case for certain Hazards that require a specific approach to assessment and/or detailed information not relevant in more routine activity assessments.

## The use of the riskNET risk assessment module is mandatory at UCL. Use of riskNET allows for recording of different types of activity assessment under one overarching title, for example covering a whole research project.

## The level of detail needed in any assessment should be in proportion to the Risk associated with the work activity. More Hazardous activities may require more detail and/or more sophisticated approaches to assessment.

## Local arrangements for assessment must be documented and approved by the Head of Department and must address the matters outlined in the table below.

| **Item** | **Considerations** |
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| **Who can carry out assessments** | 1. Those carrying out assessments should be competent i.e. have sufficient knowledge, skills and experience to undertake the assessment.
2. If they are not directly involved in the activity being assessed, they must involve/consult those carrying out the work.
3. The ability to carry out a risk assessment may require specific training and/or specialist input; see section below on training.
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| **Peer review** | 1. Preparation of assessments should always involve those carrying out the work but certain assessments, for example high risk, complex and/or novel work may also need additional scrutiny by a competent independent individual.
2. There are specific requirements for scrutiny of assessments for work with genetically modified organisms. See following link for further information <https://www.ucl.ac.uk/safety-services/a-z/genetic-modification>.
3. Departmental Safety Officers may be involved in the risk assessment review process as a means of checking the impact of the work on other activities in the Department or if new Hazards are being introduced into the Department.
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| **Approval**  | 1. Assessments should be approved by the person in management control of the work with suitable experience and knowledge for the work being assessed, for example the Principle Investigator. Certain activities may require a higher level of approval because of the Risk posed by the work, even with identified controls in place.
2. A Departmental Safety Officer should not be solely responsible for approving assessments but may be a joint approver for assurance purposes.
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| **Recording**  | 1. Risk assessments must be recorded online using the riskNET database. riskNET provides a central, searchable database of departmental assessments and helps ensure they are suitable and sufficient.
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| **Communication** | 1. The findings of risk assessments, in particular the control measures identified, must be communicated to all those carrying out, or affected by the work. This can be achieved by use of the distribution list in riskNET which automatically informs an individual when a risk assessment is approved.
2. Other means of communication should be considered, including use of ‘tool-box talks’ (presentations) which may be more appropriate for groups without regular computer access such as cleaners and security staff.
3. Departmental Codes of Practice or Standard Operating Procedures (“SOP”) may also be used to communicate findings of assessments and in particular the controls measures identified.
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| **Training requirements** | 1. There is no specific requirement for training before carrying out a risk assessment, although assessments should be created with input/advice from others to ensure that they are fit for purpose.
2. Safety Services does provide training on the principles of risk assessment, for staff and post-graduate students. This takes the form of an eLearning module and a classroom session. More information can be found on our website at the following link <https://www.ucl.ac.uk/safety-services/learning/scheduled>.
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| **Review and revision** | 1. All assessments must be reviewed if there is any reason to suspect they are no longer valid, for example if there has been a significant change to the work.
2. Risk assessments in riskNET will be valid for one (1) year and so must be reviewed in any case after this period of time.
3. When reviewing a risk assessment, riskNET will also ask for the reason for revision to be entered, allowing formal recording of this information.
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| **Assurance and monitoring** | 1. The means by which Departments ensure that there are suitable and sufficient assessments in place for all departmental activities should be identified. This could range from a simple check of presence/absence of assessments for a sample of activities, to a more detailed check on the quality of assessments and whether controls identified have been implemented.
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# Document Control

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| Version 1 published | February 2016 |
| Version 2 published | September 2018 |
| Version 3 published | February 2020 |