Space health and disaster risk reduction for off-world living

UCL Institute for Risk and Disaster Reduction
Space Health Risks Research Group

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Benefits for life on Earth – remote health

Rationale: while it is predicted global urbanisation is set to increase during the 21st century, approximately 3.1 – 3.3 billion people will still be living in a remote environment between the years 2015 and 2050.

Remote health is:

- Limited accessibility to resources and healthcare services
- Bespoke health behaviours and conceptualisation of health, relative to environment and culture.
Research group projects

Space health and disaster risk reduction symposium

01st September 2021
UCL Institute for Advanced Studies / online

The first UK pilot analogue space mission (low-fidelity)

Spring 2022
Cairngorm National Park, Scotland
Thank you for listening

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