

Population-level paediatric HIV surveillance in England: the current picture

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Background

- Globally, there are an estimated 5.0 million children and young people living with HIV (CYPLHIV) aged 0-24 years
- Numbers of CYPLHIV in England have declined substantially since early 2000s
- Between 2000-2020 this population was monitored by the Collaborative HIV Paediatric Study (CHIPS)
- Children's HIV and AIDS Reporting System (CHARS) was launched in January 2022 to continue the important long-term follow-up of CYPLHIV seen for paediatric HIV care in England.





Children's HIV and AIDS Reporting System

- CHARS is commissioned by NHS England and is designed to complement the national adult HIV surveillance (HARS) carried out by the UK Health Security Agency
- CHARS reporting runs alongside Integrated Screening Outcomes Surveillance Service (ISOSS) using a secure online portal
- Quarterly requests for data for timely reporting
- Data collected supports quality of care indicators and NHS commissioning of services
- Provide data for public health surveillance

To date, we have achieved >99% catch up in the reporting gap between CHIPS & CHARS

The first overview of paediatric HIV among all CYPLHIV seen for care in England since 2020





Methods



Data source



Study population



Statistical methods

markers and indicators of quality of care for all children and young people in England are collected by the CHARS.

Children and young people with a CHARS form(s) submitted by December 2022 based on reporting since 2020 (end of CHIPS).

Associations between categorical variables were assessed using chi-squared test and differences in medians using Kruskal-Wallis test.





Current overview of CYPLHIV in England

N=469 CYPLHIV in CHARS follow-up

n=16 newly reported to CHARS (of whom 10 were born abroad)

57.1% (268/469)

Female

53.3% (268/469)

Born in the UK

93.0% (436/469)

Vertically-acquired HIV *

3 years [IQR: 1, 7]

Median age at presentation in England **

98.9% (464/469)

ART reported at last visit †

^{**} Median age at presentation for UK-born CYPLHIV was 1.0 year [IQR: 0.0, 2.0] versus 7.0 years [IQR: 4.0, 11.0] among those born abroad (p<0.001)



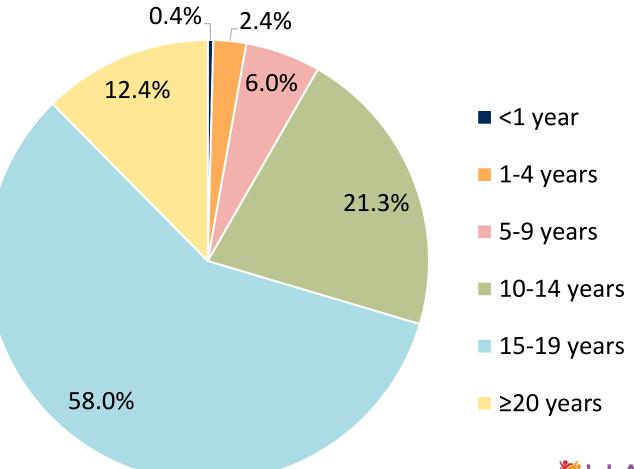


^{* 100.0% (250/250)} of UK-born CYLPHIV were reported to have acquired HIV vertically versus 84.9% (186/219) of those born abroad (p<0.001)



Age distribution

Median age at most recent appointment was 16 years [interquartile range (IQR): 14, 18]



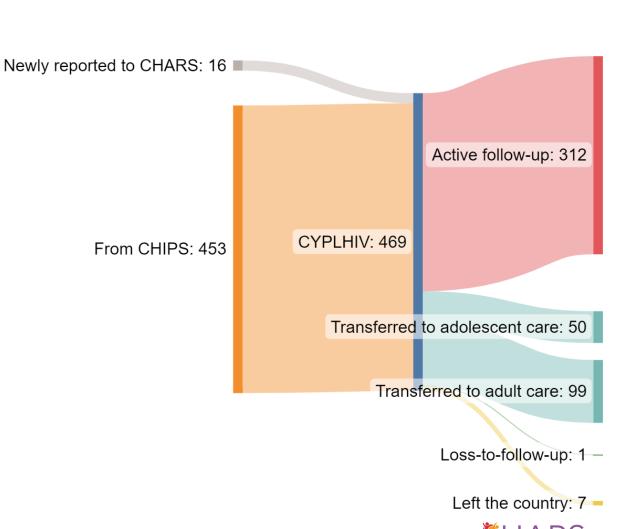




Follow-up status

92.5% of CYPLHIV were last seen for HIV care in 2021-2022

- Majority (66.5%) remain in active follow-up through CHARS
- Approximately a third (31.8%)
 transferred to adolescent or adult care
- Remaining were lost-to-follow-up (0.2%) or left the country (1.5%)

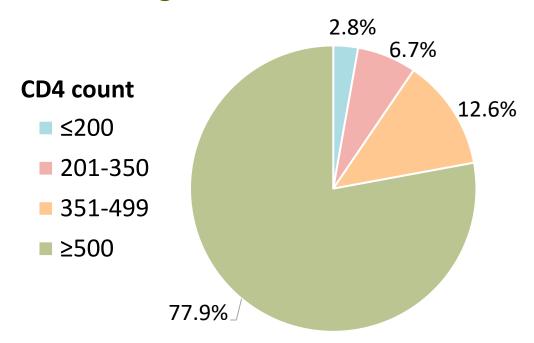




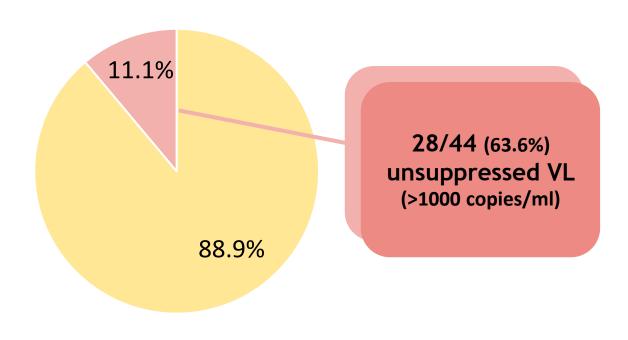


Clinical markers

77.9% (303/389) had a CD4 count greater than 500 (cells/mm³)



88.9% (354/398) had an undetectable viral load (≤200 copies/ml)



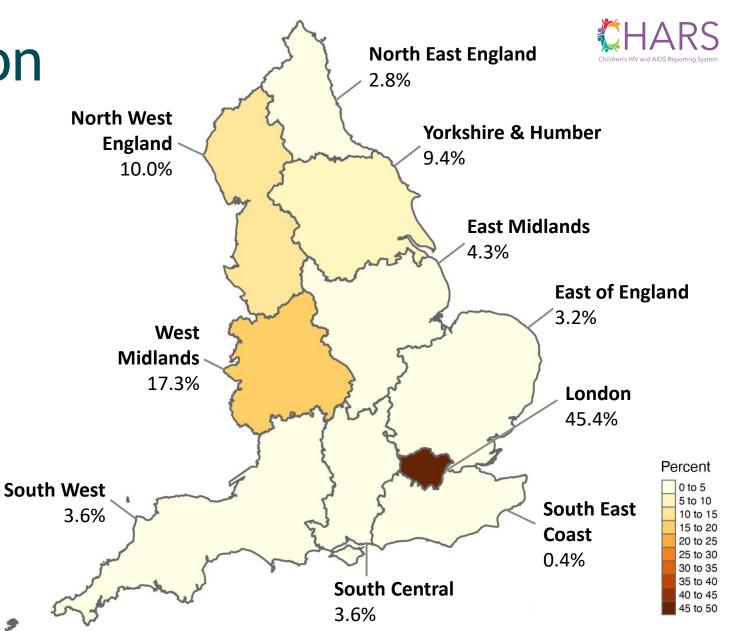
82.9% (389/469) of CYPLHIV had **CD4 count data** (cells/mm³)

84.9% (398/469) of CYPLHIV had **viral load data** (copies/ml)



Regional distribution

- Almost half (45.4%) are seen for paediatric HIV care in London
- Approximately a fifth (17.3%)
 are seen for HIV care in West
 Midlands





Conclusions & next steps

- Clinical markers among CYPLHIV in England are reassuring with nearly 90% virologically suppressed
- For the increasingly small number of children and young people accessing HIV care, ongoing national surveillance remains vital to ensure the unique needs of this population are met
- As most of this population will be transitioning to adolescent or adult care, ongoing work is required to understand any challenges relating to retention in care

Working with **NHSE** inequalities team

Supporting the revised CHIVA Standards of Care

Producing first annual CHARS report and summary metrics





Acknowledgments

A **big thank you** to all respondents to CHARS and ISOSS, rest of the ISOSS/CHARS team, and our colleagues at CHIPS.

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Please do get in touch if you have any questions: gabriela.toledo.19@ucl.ac.uk

More information on CHARS: www.ucl.ac.uk/chars and ISOSS: www.ucl.ac.uk/isoss



