Fuzzy Tree Fragment Cheat Sheet

- Links connect two nodes or words together. .
- Edges apply only to one node or word.



Nothing = is not connected •

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Inherit if CJ edge allows node to inherit function of superordinate node in a conjoin. Default: No.

- Black line = there must be a previous node
- No line = there must not be a previous node •

Example: Parent link

- White line = eventually linked (**ancestor**) •
- Black line = immediately linked (**parent**) ٠
- No line: **not possible** (an FTF is a tree!) ٠

Next child and Next word links have more options:

	Just after Second node/word immediately follows first (allowing for 'skip over' nodes),	Ţ ↓	After Second node/word must follow first, but not necessarily immediately.	∆ ∘ ∇	Different branches Next child only, used with eventual Parent (ancestor) Nodes must be on different branches.
∦_	Just before or just after Second node/word is either immediately before or after the first.	Ŷ_ V⊤	Before or after Second node/word can be in any position except on top of the first.	•	<unknown> No restriction between nodes/words.</unknown>
Leaf edges also relate nodes to words:					
	Word eventually connected.	•••• ×	Word eventually connected.		U Leaf: Yes Word immediately connected.

For more info see the Getting Started manual and www.ucl.ac.uk/english-usage/resources/ftfs/links.htm