The transient 3D hygrothermal model: LECTUS

Simulating conditions in beds over space and time

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Aims

The project aims to develop a model to predict house-dust mite populations in dwellings accurate enough to determine the impact of modifications to building fabric, services and occupant behaviour.



Predict conditions mites are exposed to in a given bed

•Predict on an hourly basis the temperature and Humidity on a 3D grid in the bed

•Use this data as an input to mite population model



Bedroom conditions

Use commercially available building simulation models to model the building environment

Not attempting to produce new model, use the best models available

EnergyPlus, Tas





















Predicted conditions within mattress

3D transient heat conduction and vapour diffusion model •Boundary conditions imposed on the six faces of mattress •Surface boundary condition predicted by surface model •Bottom and sides at room condition

•Predict temperature and RH on 100 node grid



Gauss Seidel iterative solution

$$\begin{split} T_i^{p+1} &= \frac{\Delta \tau}{C_i} \left[\sum_j \frac{T_j^p - T_i^p}{R_{ij}} \right] + T_i^p \\ V_i^{p+1} &= \frac{\Delta \tau}{\xi_i} \left[\sum_j \frac{V_j^p - V_i^p}{Z_{ij}} \right] + V_i \end{split}$$





Model tested against test bed: RH



Input to Population model

The results of the simulation are formatted into a text file which can be input into the population model:

x, y, z, t, Temp, RH

Summary

Developed a flexible, modular model, to predict the bed environment on an hourly basis
Could be easily modified for pillows, duvets and floors

- •Further validation is needed
- Sensitivity testing
- •User friendly interface
- •Model occupant as a source of heat and moisture